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ORDINANCE 2000-302-E

Introduced by the Council President at the request of the Mayor:

AN ORDINANCE CONCERNING THE ZONING CODE; CREATING A NEW SUBPART I. (SPRINGFIELD ZONING OVERLAY AND HISTORIC DISTRICT REGULATIONS), PART 3, CHAPTER ESTABLISHING DISTRICT 656, ORDINANCE CODE; ZONING ADOPTING A SPRINGFIELD BOUNDARIES; OVERLAY; ESTABLISHING ZONING REGULATIONS FOR THE SPRINGFIELD HISTORIC DISTRICT; PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATE.

day labor

There is hereby created a new Subpart I, Part 3, Section 1. Chapter 656, Ordinance Code, to read as follows:

Subpart I.

Springfield Zoning Overlay and Historic District Regulations

Legislative findings and intent. The Council hereby finds and determines as follows:

- (a) Pursuant to the adoption of Ordinance 91-733-570 on January 28, 1992, the City Council established the Springfield Historic District. Since that date, various studies and plans, including the Neighborhood Action Plan, Historic Springfield District, October, 1992, and the Springfield Action Plan dated May, 1997, as revised August, 1998, a copy of which is on file in the Office of the Council Secretary and in the Planning and Development Department, have recommended the implementation of a zoning district overlay to resolve zoning-related problems in the Springfield Historic District.
- The Springfield Historic District consists of more than twelve city blocks, approximately one square mile in size, with 3,800

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structures and a population of over 6,900. The number of historic structures totaled 1,890 (115 of which are landmark buildings) in 1991. The District is the largest historic residential district in Florida.

- The Springfield Historic District contains 3,800 dwelling units, 1,890 of which are historic dwelling units. properties in the area were reported at only 521 in August, 1998. Based on these numbers, only 14% of the District was owner occupied as of August 1998.
- Over a period of many years, zoning and land use changes in (d) Springfield have served to encourage the decline of the area and not The Springfield Historic District has been its redevelopment. negatively affected by current zoning districts which do not recognize the unique character of the neighborhood. For many years prior to the establishment of the District, the City allowed intensive and intrusive uses to locate in the neighborhood and did not encourage the type of development that promotes and sustains a stable, economically viable, and primarily single-family/owner-occupied neighborhood. Standard zoning districts also do not recognize the small lots, high lot coverage and other aspects of the neighborhood's unique development pattern.
- Within the one square mile area of the Springfield Historic District, the Council finds there is a disproportionately large number of rooming houses (13), group care homes, community residential homes of seven or more residents and automotive uses (20), including automobile sales and repairs and related automotive uses.
- As noted in the Springfield Action Plan, the population of Springfield has been in decline during the course of the past two years. Since 1980, the population in Springfield has decreased from 8,049 persons to a 1990 Census count of 6,969 persons. is primarily attributable to a decline in household size, an increase in vacancy rate, and a decline in building permit activity. Population

projections show a continued decline in population into the year 2020, unless the area becomes more attractive as a place to live and invest. In 1990, average (mean) income was only \$8,860 per household (only 48% of the county's average). Estimates of poverty levels in 1990 affected nearly forty-six percent (46%) per cent of these households. Fifty percent (50%) of the households had a median income of less than \$5,710. Income characteristics as found in census data for 1990, on a countywide basis, show average incomes have increased by more than 80 percent (80%) since 1980. However, similar gains for the Springfield neighborhood have not occurred. In 1990, fifty-two percent (52%) of the households had a median income of less than \$10,000 and only nine and four-tenths percent (9.4%) with incomes above the county average of \$35,618.

- (g) The Springfield Historic District is an invaluable resource to the City and its citizens and should be preserved for future generations.
- (h) The property disinvestment and blight caused by incompatible zoning and other factors associated with core city decline must be reversed through a comprehensive revitalization program that will include zoning districts tailored to the neighborhood. Standards should allow appropriate and compatible development to proceed without the high costs associated with variances and administrative deviations required to deviate from current lot and use standards.
- (i) The zoning districts and regulations contained in this Subpart I were developed with the participation and assistance of neighborhood residents, property owners and City staff.
- (j) The Planning Commission and the Urban Affairs and Planning Committee considered these districts and regulations, held public hearings and made their recommendations to the Council.

Based on the foregoing findings, the Council hereby establishes the Springfield Zoning Overlay and Historic District Regulations

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contained in this Subpart I for the purpose of encouraging residential owner-occupants, allowing for mixed uses and home businesses, discouraging over-intensive uses, and providing performance standards and special regulations for uses allowed by exception.

- The definitions contained in Part 16 Definitions. 656.371 of the Zoning Code shall apply. Those terms which are specific to this subpart are defined as follows:
- Original use means the original use of a structure at the time of its construction.
- Historic use means the use of a structure between the time of its construction and 1942 (50 years prior to the date of establishment of the local historic district).
- Live-work lofts means residential units within large, formerly non-residential buildings such as schools or warehouses that have been converted to residential purposes. Live-work lofts shall be considered multiple-family units.
- means a written Certificate of Appropriateness (COA) document approved by the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission or administratively by the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department pursuant to s.307.107 allowing an applicant to proceed with approved alterations, demolition, relocation, or new construction of a designated landmark, landmark site, or property in a historic district, following a determination of the proposal's suitability based upon applicable criteria.
- Interior apartment means a residential unit located within an existing residential structure.
- E-business means a business that produces the majority of its revenue through Internet transactions and does not involve on-site storage, handling of distribution of products.
- The Springfield Zoning Boundaries and Zoning Overlay. Overlay generally follows the boundaries as depicted in the map (Figure

1) of the Springfield Action Plan, produced by the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department in May, 1997, as revised in August, 1998. Variations from the map in the Springfield Action Plan are reflected in the northern and southern boundaries of the overlay district. More specifically, the Springfield Zoning Overlay includes all parcels located within the following boundaries:

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Beginning at the west side of North Main Street where it crosses Hogans Creek; thence north and west along Hogans Creek to Broad Street; thence north along the center line of Broad Street and Boulevard to the abandoned Seaboard Coast Line railroad right-of-way to north of West 12th Street; thence east along the abandoned railroad right-of-way to North Pearl Street; hence south along the center line of North Pearl Street to West 12th Street; thence east along the center line of West 12th Street to North Main Street; thence north along the center of North Main Street to the abandoned Seaboard Coast Line railroad right-of-way north of Warren Street; thence east along the railroad right-of-way to Walnut Street; thence south along the center line of Walnut Street to East 11th Street; thence east along the center line of East 11th Street to the right-of-way of the St. Johns River Terminal Company railroad located just east of Ionia Street and Clark Street; hence south along said railroad right-of-way to East First Street; thence west along the center line of East First Street to its intersection with Walnut Street; thence south along the center line of Walnut Street to Phelps Street; thence west along the center line of Phelps Street to North Market Street; hence south

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along the center line of North Market Street to its crossing over Hogans Creek; thence west and north along Hogans Creek to the point of beginning.

The Council hereby adopts the Springfield Zoning Overlay, shown at Figure 3B. The land included within this overlay shall be subject to the Springfield Historic District Regulations contained in this Subpart I. These regulations shall supersede the provisions of Chapter 656, Ordinance Code, as applied to all property within the boundaries of the Springfield Zoning Overlay, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

Springfield Historic Zoning Districts. Springfield 656.373 Historic Zoning Districts include the following:

- Residential Medium Density-Springfield (RMD-S) District (I)
 - Permitted uses and structures.
 - (1) Single-family dwellings.
- (2) New two-family dwellings meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in this Section.
 - (3) Original use two-family dwellings.
- (4) Original use multiple-family dwellings. Such dwellings cannot include more units than were within the structure at the time of construction.
- (5) Community residential homes of six or fewer residents meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code and the Special Use criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- Housing for the elderly meeting the criteria for Special Uses set forth in s.656.374.
- Family day care homes meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (8) Foster care homes.

- (9) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (10) Churches, including a rectory or similar use, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (11) Neighborhood parks, pocket parks, playgrounds or recreational structures which serve or support a neighborhood or several adjacent neighborhoods, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (12) Bed and breakfast establishments meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (b) Permitted accessory uses and structures.
- (1) Interior apartments in connection with single-family, owner-occupied properties, meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
 - (2) Free-standing garages.
- (3) One free-standing garage apartment in connection with single-family, owner-occupied properties, meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (4) Original use garage apartments contributing structures only.
- (5) Home occupations meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (6) Pay phones meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
- (7) Satellite dishes meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in 656.375.

- (8) Vending machines meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
 - (c) Permissible uses by exception.
- (1) Historic use two-family dwellings, with a COA also required after granting of exception.
- (2) Historic use multiple-family dwellings, with a COA also required after granting of exception.
- (3) Elementary and secondary schools meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (4) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (5) Nursing homes meeting the criteria for Special Uses set forth in s.656.374.
 - (6) Private clubs.
- (7) Day care centers meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (8) Churches, including a rectory or similar use, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (9) Home occupations meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (d) Special Uses. Special Uses include residential treatment facilities, rooming houses, emergency shelter homes, group care homes, and community residential homes of over six residents. New Special Uses are not allowed in the district and existing Special Uses must conform to the standards set forth in s.656.374.

within fifty (50) feet of the rear property line, with a five (5)

setback from the rear and side property line, with no more than a five (5) foot setback from the rear and side property lines.

- (i) Maximum height of structures.
 - (1) Principal structures Forty-five (45) feet.
- (2) Accessory structures shall be no higher than principal structures.
- (j) Number of off-street parking spaces required No. minimum parking is required, except for churches with more than 50 sanctuary seats, which must provide at least 50% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code.
 - II. Commercial, Residential and Office-Springfield (CRO-S)
 District.
 - (a) Permitted uses and structures.
- (1) Medical and dental or chiropractor offices (but not hospitals).
- (2) Medical and dental or chiropractor clinics (but not hospitals).
 - (3) Professional offices.
 - (4) Business offices.
- (5) Facilities for the production of eyeglasses, bearing aids, dentures, prosthetic appliances and similar products in conjunction with a professional service being rendered at the time provided.
 - (6) Single-family dwellings.
- (7) New two-family dwellings meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in this Section.
 - (8) Original use two-family dwellings.
- (9) Original use multiple-family dwellings. Such dwellings cannot include more units than were within the structure at the time of construction.

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- (10) Private clubs.
- (11) Schools meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (12) Churches, including a rectory or similar uses, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (13) Parks, playgrounds and playfields or recreational or community structures meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (14) Homes for the aged or orphans and similar uses meeting the criteria for Special Uses set forth in s.656.374.
 - (15) Libraries, museums and community centers.
- (16) Radio and television broadcasting studios and offices without antenna or transmitting facilities.
- (17) Banks, savings and loan institutions, and similar uses (but not drive-thru tellers).
- (18) Art galleries, music, photography, dance, art, gymnastics, karate and martial arts studios, theaters for stage performances (but not motion picture theaters), and similar uses.
 - (19) Vocational, trade or business schools.
 - (20) Cosmetology and similar uses.
- (21) Bed and breakfast establishments meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (22) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (23) Community residential homes of up to residents meeting the performance standards and development criteria

set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code, and criteria for Special Uses set forth in s.656.374.

- (24) Hospice facilities meeting the criteria for Special Uses set forth in s.656.374.
- (b) Limitations on permitted uses. All of the permitted uses in the CRO District are limited by the following conditions, unless otherwise provided:
- (1) Retail sales shall be subject to the criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (2) No manufacture, repair, assembly or work of a mechanical nature of any kind shall be permitted and no machinery shall be used other than normal office equipment such as typewriters, calculators, computers and bookkeeping machines.
- (c) Permitted accessory uses and structures. In addition to the requirements of s.656.403, the following are also permitted accessory uses and structures:
- (1) Interior and accessory apartments in conjunction with any other permitted use except new two-family and original use multiple-family dwellings, meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
 - (2) Free-standing garages.
- (3) One free-standing garage apartment in connection with single-family, owner-occupied properties, meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (4) Original use garage apartments in conjunction with contributing structures only.
- (5) Pay phones meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
- (6) Satellite dishes meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in 656.375.

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- Vending machines meeting the (7) Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
 - Permissible uses by exception.
- Historic use two-family dwellings, with a COA also required after granting of exception.
- Historic use multiple-family dwellings, with a (2) COA also required after granting of exception.
- (3) Live-work lofts meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- Off-street parking lots for premises requiring (4)off-street parking meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code, and the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (5) Nursing homes meeting the Special Uses criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (6) Group care homes meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code, and the Special Use criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- Housing for the elderly meeting the Special Use (7)criteria set forth in s.656.374(g).
- Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, (8) telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (9)Day care centers meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code, and the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
- (10) Home occupations meeting the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.
 - (11) Private clubs.

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- (12) Churches, including a rectory or similar use, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (13) Commercial production and service activities such
- (A) Retail outlets for the sale of food and drugs, leather goods and luggage, jewelry (including watch repair but not pawn shops), art, cameras or photographic supplies (including camera repair), sporting goods, hobby shops and pet shops (but not animal kennels), musical instruments, television and radio (including repair incidental to sales), florist or gift shops, delicatessens, bake shops (but not wholesale bakeries), drugs and similar products, and dry cleaning pickup stations.
- (B) Facilities for the production of eyeglasses, hearing aids, dentures, prosthetic appliances and similar products in conjunction with a professional service being rendered at the time.
- (C) The uses in subparagraphs (A) and (B) are subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Sale, display, preparation and storage shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building.
 - (ii) Products shall be sold only at retail.
- (14) Restaurants, including facilities for the sale and service of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only, subject to the following conditions:
- (A) Seating shall not exceed a capacity of forty (40).
- (B) Food is ordered from a menu, prepared and served for pay for consumption on premises only.
- (e) Special Uses. Special uses include residential treatment facilities, rooming houses, emergency shelter homes, group

1 care homes, and community residential homes of over six residents. New special uses are not allowed in the districts and existing uses must 2 3 conform to the standards for Special Uses in s.656.374(q). (f)Minimum lot requirements. 4 (1)Lot width: 5 Single-family dwellings - Twenty-five (25) 6 (A) 7 feet. 8 (B) Two-family dwellings - Seventy-five (75) 9 feet. 10 (C) All other uses - Thirty-five (35) 11 (except as otherwise required for certain uses). 12 (2) Lot area: Single-family dwellings - Two thousand five 13 (A) 14 hundred (2,500) square feet. 15 (B) Two-family dwellings - Nine thousand (9,000) square feet. 16 All other uses - Four thousand five hundred 17 (C) (4,500) square feet (except as otherwise required for certain uses). 18 19 (q) Maximum lot coverage by all buildings and structures. Fifty percent (50%). 20 21 Minimum yard requirements. (h) 22 (1) Front setback - Ten (10) foot minimum and fifteen (15) foot maximum or generally compatible with surrounding contributing 23 structures (within twenty-five percent of average required front yard 24 of adjacent contributing structure). 25 26 Side setback - Fourteen percent (14%) of lot width, rounded off to the nearest whole number divided equally per 27 side. 28 29 (3)Rear setback - Ten (10) feet.

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- Garages and garage apartments shall be located (4)within fifty (50) feet of the rear property line, with no more than a five (5) setback from the rear and side property lines.
 - (i) Maximum height of structures.
 - (1)Principal structures - Forty-five (45) feet.
- Accessory structures shall be no higher than (2)principal structures.
- Number of off-street parking spaces required: No (i) minimum parking is required, except for churches with more than 50 sanctuary seats, which must provide at least 50% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code, and live-work loft units, which must provide at least 80% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required for multiplefamily units pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code.
- (k) Special parking standards: The number of parking spaces provided shall not exceed the minimum number of parking spaces required under Part 6 of the Zoning Code.
- III. Commercial Neighborhood Springfield (CN-S) District. This zoning district is designed to accommodate existing historic neighborhood original use commercial properties and new neighborhood commercial uses that are compatible with the residential character of the neighborhood. Properties with original use and historic use neighborhood commercial structures do not have to meet lot, yard, and lot coverage requirements.
 - Permitted uses and structures. (a)
 - (1)Professional offices.
 - Business offices. (2)
- Retail outlets for sale of food and drugs, (3) wearing apparel, sundries and notions, books and stationery, jewelry (including watch repair but not pawnshops), delicatessens, bakeshops

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(but not wholesale bakeries), drugs and similar products, subject to the other limitations specified in this section.

- Service establishments such as barber or beauty shops, shoe repair shops, restaurants (limited to 40 seats, without drive-in or drive-thru facilities), with the outside sale and service of food meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code), interior decorators, tailors or dressmakers, subject to the other limitations specified in this section.
- (5)Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- Churches, including a rectory or similar use, (6) meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- Art galleries, dance, art, gymnastics, karate and (7)martial arts, music and photography studios, and theatres for stage performances (but not motion picture theatres).
- Permitted accessory uses and structures. In addition to the requirements of s. 656.403, the following are also permitted accessory uses and structures:
- Accessory apartments in conjunction with any (1)other permitted use if such apartments are limited to the second story of the building or to under 50% of the building ground floor space.
- (2)Pay phones meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
- (3) Satellite dishes meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in 656.375.
- (4)Vending machines meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.

(c) Permissible uses by exception.

- (1) An establishment or facility which includes the retail sale of beer or wine for on-premises consumption, in conjunction with the service of food which is ordered from a menu and prepared or served for pay for consumption on-premises.
- (2) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (3) Day care centers meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (d) Special Uses. Special Uses include residential treatment facilities, rooming houses, emergency shelter homes, group care homes, and community residential homes of over six residents. New Special Uses are not allowed in the districts and existing special uses must conform to standards for Special Uses in s.656.374(g).
 - (e) Minimum lot requirements (width and area) for all uses.
- (1) Minimum lot width-- Forty feet, except as otherwise required for certain uses.
- (2) Minimum lot area-- Three thousand (3,000) square feet, except as otherwise required for certain uses.
- (f) Maximum lot coverage by all buildings and structures. Eighty (80) percent.
 - (g) Minimum yard requirements.
 - (1) All uses:
- (i) Front setback-- no minimum, Ten (10) foot maximum.

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- (ii) Side adjacent setback--when to residentially zoned property, a minimum side yard of fifteen feet shall be provided.
- (iii) setback-adjacent Rear when residentially zoned property, a minimum rear yard of fifteen (15) feet shall be provided.
 - (h) Maximum height of structures.
 - (1)Principal structures-Forty-five (45) feet.
- (2) Accessory structures -- shall be no higher than principal structures.
- (I)Building width. Building width must exceed seventy percent (70%) of lot width.
- Locational criteria. This zoning district is limited (j) to properties with continuous frontage on two streets (excluding alleys).
- Limitations on permitted uses or permissible uses by (k) exception. All of the permitted or permissible uses by exception are subject to the following provisions:
- (1)Sale, display, preparation and storage shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building.
 - (2) Products shall be sold only at retail.
 - Building footprint limited to 3,000 square feet. (3)
- (4)Gross floor area for non-residential uses limited to 4,000 square feet.
 - (5) Restaurants are limited to forty seats.
- Only fascia or wall signs are allowed, with a (6)size limitation of twenty (20) square feet.
- Rear and side yards that are adjacent (7)residentially zoned property must contain a wall, fence, or hedge at least six (6) feet in height. This visual screen must be at least 85% opaque.

(1) Number of off-street parking spaces required. No minimum parking is required, except for churches with more than 50 sanctuary seats, which must provide at least 50% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code.

(m) Special parking standards. The number of parking spaces provided shall not exceed the minimum number of parking spaces required under Part 6 of the Zoning Code.

IV. Commercial Community/General-Springfield (CCG-S) District.

- (a) Permitted uses and structures.
- wearing apparel, toys, sundries and notions, books and stationery, leather goods and luggage, jewelry (including watch repair) art, cameras or photographic supplies (including camera repair), sporting goods, hobby shops and pet shops (but not animal boarding kennels), musical instruments, florist or shops, delicatessens, bakeries (but not wholesale bakeries), home furnishings and appliances (including repair incidental to sales), office equipment or furniture, antiques, hardware, new automobile parts (including rebuilt parts not installation, repair or rebuilding of parts) and accessories and similar uses.
- shops, shoe repair shops, restaurants, interior decorators, reducing salons or gymnasiums, self-service laundries or dry cleaners, tailors or dressmakers, laundries or dry cleaning pickup stations, dry cleaning and laundry package plants in completely enclosed buildings using nonflammable liquids such as perchloroethylene and with no odor, fumes or steam detectable to normal senses from off the premises, radio and television broadcasting offices and studios, communication antennas, funeral homes, marinas, blueprinting, job printing (but not newspaper),

radio and television repair shops, travel agencies, employment offices, (but not day labor pools), home equipment rental and similar uses.

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(3) Banks (including drive-thru tellers), companies, mortgage brokers, stockbrokers and similar financial institutions.

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All types of professional and business offices, newspaper offices (but not printing), employment offices, union halls, buildings trades contractors (not requiring outside storage or the use of a vehicle in excess of one-ton capacity or equipment, machinery, ditching machines, tractors, bulldozers or other heavy construction equipment) and similar uses.

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Original use single-family dwellings. (5)

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Original use two-family dwellings. (6)

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Original use multiple-family dwellings. (7)

Commercial indoor recreational or entertainment

Art galleries, museums, community centers, music,

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facilities such as bowling alleys, swimming pools, indoor skating rinks, theaters (including motion picture theaters but not open-air

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theaters), and similar uses (but not dance halls).

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photography, gymnastics, karate and martial arts studios, theaters for

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stage performances (but not motion picture theaters) dance, art,

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(10) Homes for aged and orphans.

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(11) Nursing homes.

vocational, trade or business schools and similar uses.

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(12) Day care centers or care centers meeting the

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performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.

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(13) Off-street commercial parking lots meeting the performance standards and criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code and the Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.374.

- (14) Hospitals, sanitariums and similar uses.
- (15) An establishment or facility which includes the retail sale and service of beer or wine for off-premises consumption or for on-premises conjunction with the service of food which is ordered from a menu and prepared or served for pay for consumption on-premises.
- (16) Retail plant nurseries (including outside display but not landscape contractors requiring heavy equipment or vehicles in excess of one-ton capacity).
- (17) Veterinarians meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (18) Retail outlets for the sale of used wearing apparel, toys, books, luggage, jewelry, cameras, sporting goods, home furnishings and appliances, furniture and similar uses.
- (19) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (20) Churches, including a rectory or similar use.
- (21) Schools meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- (b) Permitted accessory uses and structures. In addition to the requirements of s.656.403, the following are also permitted accessory uses and structures:
- (1) Interior apartments in conjunction with any other permitted use if such apartments are limited to the second story of the building or to under 50% of the building ground floor area.
- (2) Pay phones meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
- (3) Satellite dishes meeting the Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in 656.375.

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- the Springfield (4)Vending machines meeting Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria set forth in s.656.375.
 - (c) Permissible uses by exception.
- An establishment or facility which includes the retail sale and service of all alcoholic beverages including liquor, beer or wine for on-premises consumption or off-premises consumption or both, including permanent or restricted outside sale and service, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (2) New multiple-family structures
- Live-work lofts meeting the criteria set forth in (3) s.656.374.
 - (4)Crematories.
- (5) Service stations, service garages for minor repairs and car washer.
- (6)Recycling collection points meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
- Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (8) Private clubs.
- (9) Restaurants with the outside sale and service of food meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code.
 - (10) Billiard parlors.
 - (d) Intensive Uses.
- Special Uses. Special Uses include residential (1)treatment facilities, rooming houses, emergency shelter homes, group care homes, community residential homes of seven or more residents.

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New Special Uses are not allowed in the districts and existing uses must conform to standards for Special Uses in s.656.374.

- Existing automotive-related Automotive uses. (2) uses, including auto repair, auto sales, tire stores, and similar uses, must conform to the following standards within three years from the effective date of this ordinance:
- No outdoor storage or car display is (A) allowed unless it is screened from adjacent residences by a wall, fence or hedge. This visual screen must be at least six (6) feet in height and at least 85% opaque.
- (B) Any new outdoor car display or temporary storage of properly licensed automobiles and pick-up trucks must be screened from a public street by wrought iron style fencing of iron, steel, or aluminum construction with vertical pickets, or by a combination of a masonry retaining wall with wrought iron style fencing, which fencing shall be located within ten (10) feet of the public right-of-way.
- Hours of operation are limited to 7:00 AM (C) to 7:00 PM; and
- Parking of cars and storage of material is (D) public right-of-ways, sidewalks, and adjacent allowed on not properties.
- Facilities that are adjacent to (E) residentially zoned property or that are located across a public rightof-way or alley from residentially zoned property must perform activities that produce sustained and objectionable noise solely within soundproofed buildings or within buildings with bays that do not face residentially-zoned properties.
- Minimum lot requirements (width and area). None, except as otherwise required for certain uses.

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- Maximum lot coverage by all buildings. None, except as (f) otherwise required for certain uses.
 - Minimum yard requirements. (q)
 - Front setback -- None, maximum Ten (10) feet.
- (2) Side setback -- None, if the building on the adjacent lot is built to the property line or if the adjacent lot is vacant. Unless no space is left between buildings on adjacent lots, a. space of not less than six feet shall be provided between buildings. Where the lot is adjacent to a residential district, a minimum setback of fifteen feet shall be provided.
 - (3) Rear setback -- Fifteen (15) feet.
 - (h) Maximum height of structures.
 - Principal structures Forty-five (45) feet.
- Accessory structures -- shall be no higher than (2) principal structures.
- Building width: Building width must exceed seventy (i) percent (70%) of lot width.
- Limitations on permitted uses or permissible uses by (j) exception. All of the permitted and permissible uses by exception in the CCG-S District are subject to the following provisions:
- Sales, service and display, preparation and (1)storage shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building, unless otherwise provided for.
- (k) Number of off-street parking spaces required: No minimum parking is required, except for churches with more than 50 sanctuary seats, which must provide at least 50% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code, and multiple-family and live-work loft uses, which must provide at least 80% of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required pursuant to Part 6 of the Zoning Code.
 - Special parking standards: (1)

- (1) The number of parking spaces provided shall not exceed the minimum number of parking spaces required under Part 6 of the Zoning Code.
- within 30 feet of a street right-of-way if a wall is provided parallel to the right-of-way. This wall shall be located within ten (10) feet of the right-of-way or shall generally follow the front wall of surrounding buildings. The wall shall be a three (3) foot high solid wall with a three (3) foot high metal picket fence on top of the wall.
- 656.374 Springfield Performance Standards and Development Criteria. The following permitted uses or permissible uses by exception shall meet the performance standards and criteria listed under each use. These uses are in addition to, rather than in lieu of, the Supplementary Regulations of s.656.401, as applicable.
- (a) Interior apartments. Interior apartments shall be allowed subject to the following criteria:
- (1) Interior apartments are limited to one single-family unit per lot and shall be allowed within structures over 1,600 square feet.
- (2) Within the RMD-S District, the owner of a principal structure with an interior apartment must reside on the premises.
- (3) The maximum size of the interior apartment shall not exceed 1,000 square foot or twenty-five percent (25%) of the principal structure floor area, whichever is less. If the property also has a home occupation operating under the provisions of this section, the total floor area devoted to both uses shall not exceed 1,250 square foot or thirty-five percent (35%) of the floor area of the residence, whichever is less.
- (4) Within the RMD-S District, rear or side entrances for interior apartments shall be required unless the original design of the contributing structure has a front entrance for the interior apartment.

- (b) Garage apartments. Garage apartments shall be allowed subject to the following criteria:
- (1) Garage apartments must be located behind the primary structure.
- (2) There should be a visual relationship to the main house. For new structures this shall be accomplished through similar roof shape, porches, paint color, and other physical characteristics. For existing structures this shall be accomplished through similar paint colors and other physical characteristics.
- (3) The building footprint shall be limited to twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross floor area of principal structure on the lot, or 750 square feet, whichever is less.
- (c) Community residential homes. Community residential homes of six or fewer residents shall be allowed, subject to the following criteria:
- (1) New community residential homes must be at least one thousand (1,000) feet from existing community residential homes.
- (2) Principal and accessory residential structures must comprise at least one thousand five hundred (1,500) heated square feet.
- (A) Chain link fences shall not be allowed in front yards or in side yards along public streets.
- (B) The use shall comply with all applicable City property maintenance and unsafe building codes.
- (d) Home occupations. Home occupations shall be allowed subject to the following criteria:
- (1) Home occupations are intended to be small-scale, limited businesses that do not detract from the residential character of the neighborhood. Home occupations shall be accessory to the principal residential use. Home occupations shall meet the following standards:

(A) Home occupations may occupy up to five hundred (500) square feet or twenty-five percent (25%) of the floor area of the residence, whichever is less. If the property also has an accessory apartment, total floor area devoted to both uses shall not exceed 1,250 square feet or thirty-five percent (35%) of the floor area of the residence, whichever is less.

- (B) Home occupations must be operated by a homeowner whose principal residence is on-site.
- (C) Home occupations shall have no more than three (3) persons engaged in operating the businesses at one time.
- (D) A non-illuminated wooden sign, not exceeding ten (10) square feet, may be placed on the front wall of the residence. No other changes in the outside appearance of the building or visible evidence of the conduct of the home occupation shall be allowed.
- (E) Home occupation retail uses allowed include antique shops, bakeries (not wholesale), clothing shops, studios, small appliance repair shops, florists, hand craft shops for custom work (no noise, odor, or chemical waste), secondhand stores, and specialty shops. Other allowed home occupation uses include: professional and medical offices, music lessons, photography studios, tutoring and E-businesses.
- (F) Prohibited home occupations shall include, but are not limited to, the following: beauty/barber shops, group instruction with over two (2) students, outdoor repair shops, taxi or limousine services, on-premises food or drink sales, and auto repairs.
- (G) Home occupations generally may not generate more than four (4) clients/customers at one time and twenty (20) per day.

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- Hours of operation for retail uses must be (H) between 9:00 AM and 5:00 PM. Hours of operation for other uses may continue until 9:00 PM, by appointment only.
 - (I) No outdoor storage or display shall be
- (J)No flammable or hazardous materials shall be stored on premises.
- There will be no equipment or process used (K) in the home occupations which creates noise, vibration, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference detectable to the normal senses off the property.
- In the case of electrical interference, no (L) equipment or process shall be used which creates visual or audible interference in the radio or television receiver off the premises or causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.
- No home occupation shall be conducted in an (M) open porch, carport, shed, temporary building, or on the grounds. Activities must be confined to the principal or accessory structure.
- Any supplies stored on the premises shall be (N) for the purpose of maintaining and operating the home occupation.
- The address of the home occupation shall (0)not be advertised.
- (P) The business shall not in any manner deal in firearms or ammunition.
- (Q) Business deliveries by trucks larger than three quarter ton trucks shall not be allowed. Deliveries must occur between 10:00 AM and 4:00 PM.
 - Live-work lofts. (e)
- Live-work lofts shall be allowed in original use nonresidential existing buildings that are over 7,500 square feet in size.

- (2) Minimum unit size of live-work loft units is 850 square feet.
- (3) Buildings with live-work loft units may devote up to 20% of interior building space for community / assembly / recreational purposes intended for the use of building and neighborhood residents.
- (4) Buildings with live-work loft units may devote up to 15% of building space for supportive retail or service use.
 - (f) Off-street parking lots.
- (1) Off-street parking lots must be accessed only from a rear alley.
- (2) Off-street parking lots must be set back at least twenty (20) feet from the front property line and must be screened from non-alley rights-of-way by a wall, fence, or hedge that is at least four (4) feet in height. Parking lots in the CCG-S district must meet the standards for that district.
- (g) Special Uses. Special Uses are residential/institutional uses that are no longer permitted in the districts. Such uses may continue if they comply with the standards and criteria of this subsection within one year from the effective date of this legislation. The following uses are identified as Special Uses: residential treatment facilities, rooming houses, emergency shelter homes, group care homes, and community residential homes of seven or more residents. The City shall through annual inspections ensure that such uses comply with the following standards, and if the property is not in compliance with the standards after a reasonable time allowed for correction of the violation, the special use shall not be allowed to continue.
- (1) Chain link fences shall not be allowed in any yards along public streets (not including alleys), and must be located at least six feet behind the closest vertical plane of the primary structure.

- (2) Interior space shall be at least three hundred (300) square feet per resident.
- (3) The use shall comply with all applicable City property maintenance and unsafe building codes.
- (4) Twenty-four hour, on-site management shall be required.
- (5) New rooming houses are not permitted. Existing. rooming houses shall be identified by one or more of the following existing conditions, each of which shall create a rebuttable presumption that a building is a rooming house:
- (A) signs that indicate rooms, beds, or living spaces for rent
- (B) interior locks, partitions, hasps, appliances such as electric fry pans, toaster ovens, refrigerators, etc.
 - (C) individual storage of food
- (D) alphabetical, numeric, or other labeling of bedrooms or living areas
- (E) alterations to structures which enhance or facilitate its use as a rooming house.
- 656.375 Springfield Supplemental Standards and Development Criteria.
 - (a) Pay phones and vending machines.
- (1) Pay phones and vending machines may not be located on public rights-of-way.
- (2) Pay phones and vending machines may not be located in required yards.
- (3) Pay phones and vending machines in the RMD-S and CRO-S districts must be located within a structure.
- (4) Pay phones and vending machines in the CN-S and CCG-S districts must be located along a building front only, within 5 feet of the front wall of the primary entrance. The building must be

sidewalk, and must be removed within thirty (30) days of a building being vacated.

(b) Satellite dishes. Satellite dishes and associated

occupied. Pay phones and vending machines shall not obstruct a

(b) Satellite dishes. Satellite dishes and associated structures, including but not limited to poles, posts, and other mounting or supportive devices, may not be located within a required yard or within the public right-of-way.

section 2. The Council finds and determines that pay phones and vending machines located in the public rights-of-way within the Springfield Zoning Overlay are harmful to the health, safety and welfare of the Springfield community. Accordingly, the Director of Public Works, or his designee, is hereby directed not to issue any permit requests pursuant to Section 746.104 of the Ordinance Code for pay phones and vending machines proposed to be located within any rights-of-way located within the Springfield Zoning Overlay. The Director of Public Works, or his designee, is also hereby directed to revoke all permits for pay phones and vending machines currently located in public rights-of-way within the Springfield Zoning Overlay.

Section 3. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective upon signature by the Mayor or upon becoming effective without the Mayor's signature.

Form Approved:

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Office of General Counsel

Legislation Prepared By Theresa R. Matchett

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ORDINANCE 2000-302-E

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL

December 12, 2000

ALBERTA HIPPS COUNCIL PRESIDENT

ATTEST:

Karrena. Roberto

KATHLEEN A. ROBERTS ACTING COUNCIL SECRETARY DEC 2 1 2000

APPROVED:

JOHN DELANEY, MAYOR



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AMENDMENT

Land Use and Zoning Committee offers the following amendment to File 2000-302:

On page 7, line 25, strike "Parks," and insert "Neighborhood parks, pocket parks," and strike "and playfields"; and

On page 7, line 26, strike "or community" and after "structures" insert ", which serve or support a neighborhood or several adjacent neighborhoods,"; and

On page 20, line 1½, add *(7) Art galleries, dance, art, gymnastics, karate and martial arts, music and photography studios, and theatres for stage performances (but not motion picture theatres)."; and

On page 20, lines 23 and 24, delete in their entirety; and

On page 20, line 25, strike "(4)" and insert "(3)"; and

On page 24, line 26, strike "and group care homes"; and

On page 25, line 26, insert *(21) Schools meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4 of the Zoning Code."; and

On page 28, strike lines 2 through 9 in their entirety and insert instead: "(B) Any new outdoor car display or temporary storage of properly licensed automobiles and pick-up trucks must be screened from a public street by wrought iron style fencing of iron, steel, or aluminum construction with vertical pickets, or by a combination of a masonry retaining wall with wrought iron style fencing, which fencing shall be located within ten (10) feet of the public right-of-way."; and

On page 30, line 20, strike "only"; and

On page 30, line 21, strike "foot" and replace it with "feet"; and

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On page 30, lines 21 and 22, strike 'No interior apartment is allowed on a lot with an existing or new garage or accessory apartment."; and

On page 36, line 4, strike "exceed" and insert "be at least"; and On page 37, line 8, after "entrance." insert "The building must be occupied."; and

On page 37, line 9, after "sidewalk" insert ", and must be removed within thirty (30) days of a building being vacated"; and

On page 37, line 13½, add a new Section 2 to read as follows:

"Section 2. The Council finds and determines that pay phones and vending machines located in the public rights-of-way within the Springfield Zoning Overlay are harmful to the health, safety and welfare of the Springfield community. Accordingly, the Director of Public Works, or his designee, is hereby directed not to issue any permits requests pursuant to Section 746.104 of the Ordinance Code for pay phones and vending machines proposed to be located within any right-of-way located within the Springfield Zoning Overlay. The Director of Public Works, or his designee, is also hereby directed to revoke all permits for pay phones and vending machines currently located in public rights-of-way within the Springfield Zoning Overlay."; and And renumber the remaining section accordingly.

Office of General Counsel

Form Approved:

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Legislation prepared by: Theres

Theresa R. Matchett

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APPROVED:

ATTEST:

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KATHLEEN A. ROBERTS ACTING COUNCIL SECRETARY DEC 21 2000

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JOHN DELANEY, MAYOR

